

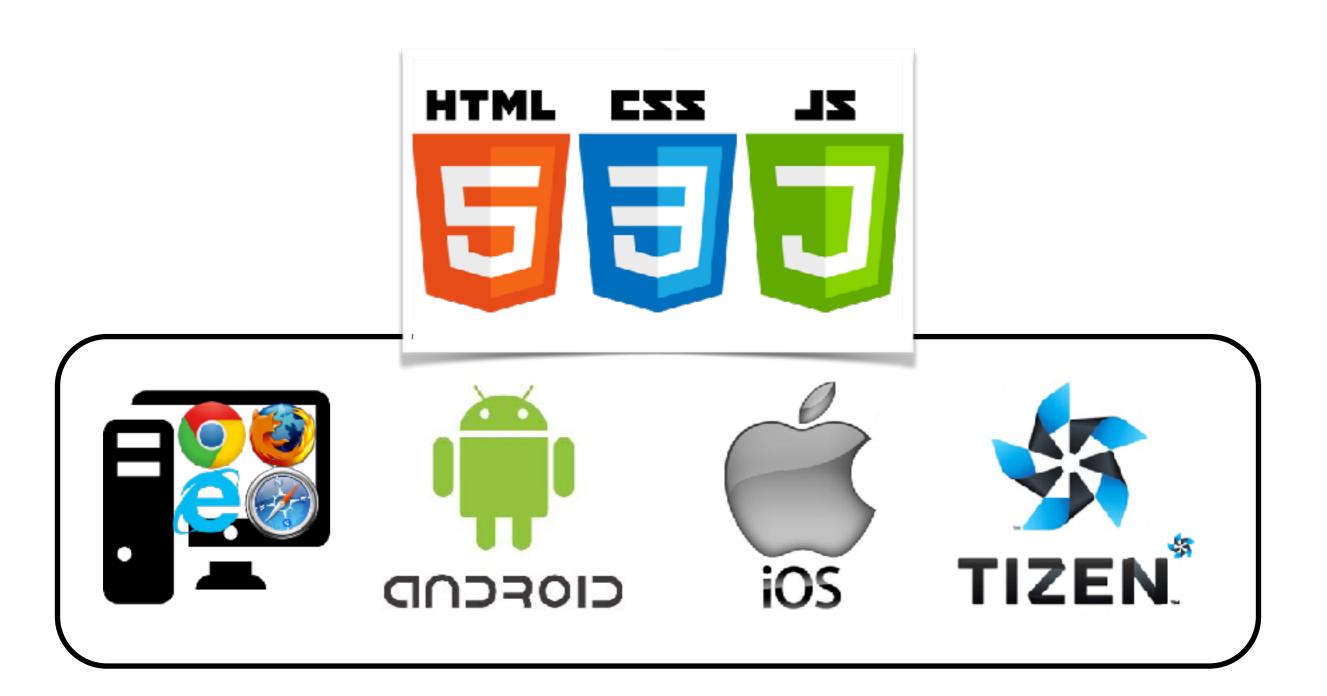
# Partition-based Coverage Metrics and Type-guided Search in Concolic Testing for JavaScript Applications

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## PLRG \*

# JavaScript Applications







The main menu of RunRabbitRun





The main menu of RunRabbitRun





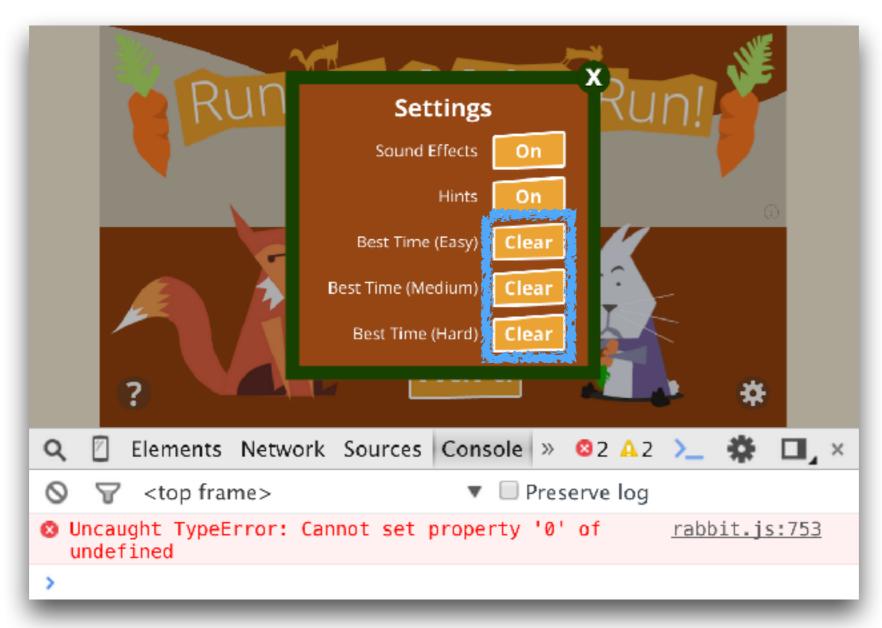
Playing





The main menu of RunRabbitRun





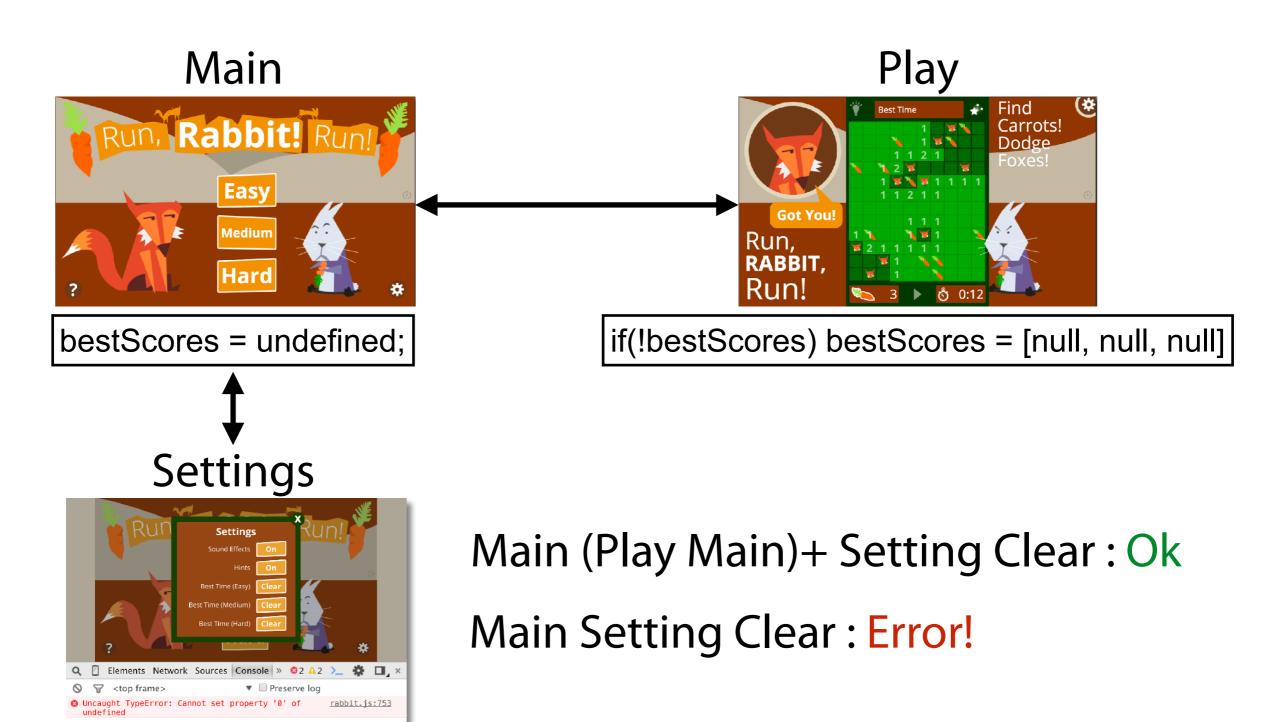
An uncaught TypeError on RunRabbitRun



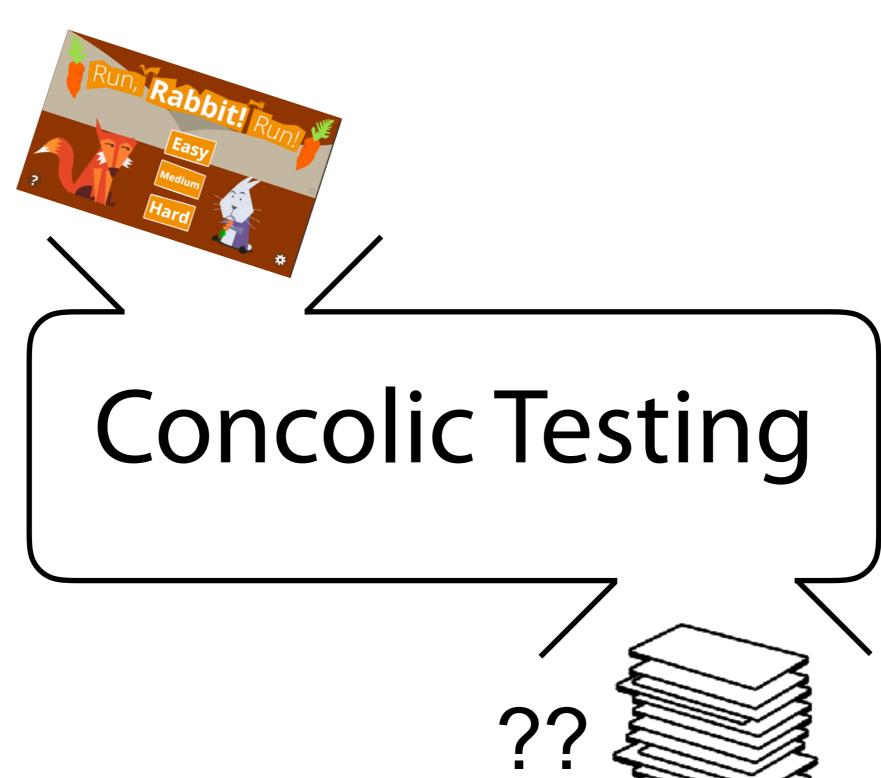


An uncaught TypeError on RunRabbitRun

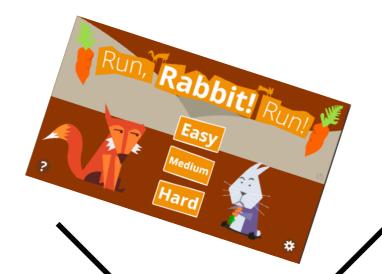












**Dynamically Typed** 

## Concolic Testing

Statically Typed

??

Type!!



- Test requirements
  - Structural requirements
  - (compile-time checking)
- Input space of symbolic variables
  - A language restricts possible values of symbolic variables by types.



## JavaScript Concolic Testing

- Test requirements
  - Structural requirements
  - Implicit type conversion, type errors
- Input space of symbolic variables
  - A tester fixes types of symbolic variables.
  - A variable can have 6 kinds of types: Undefined, Null, Boolean, Number, String, Object



## JavaScript Concolic Testing

```
1: //x : symbolic variable
 2: function f (x) {
      if (x.y) { //Error x: undefined, null
         //x: object
         //x.y: true, number, string, object
 5:
 6:
     } else {
         //x: boolean, number, string, object
 7:
         //x.y: undefined, null, false, 0, "
 8:
 9:
10: }
```



Partition-based Coverage Metric



- Type-guided Search
  - 1) Type space
  - 2) Structural space



#### Partition-based Coverage Metric

- Structural Graph Coverage
  - Programs are represented by the control flow graph
  - e.g. Statement, Branch, MC/DC
- Input Space Partitioning
  - Input spaces are split into pairwise disjoint blocks.
  - e.g. N-wise, base choice, all combinations

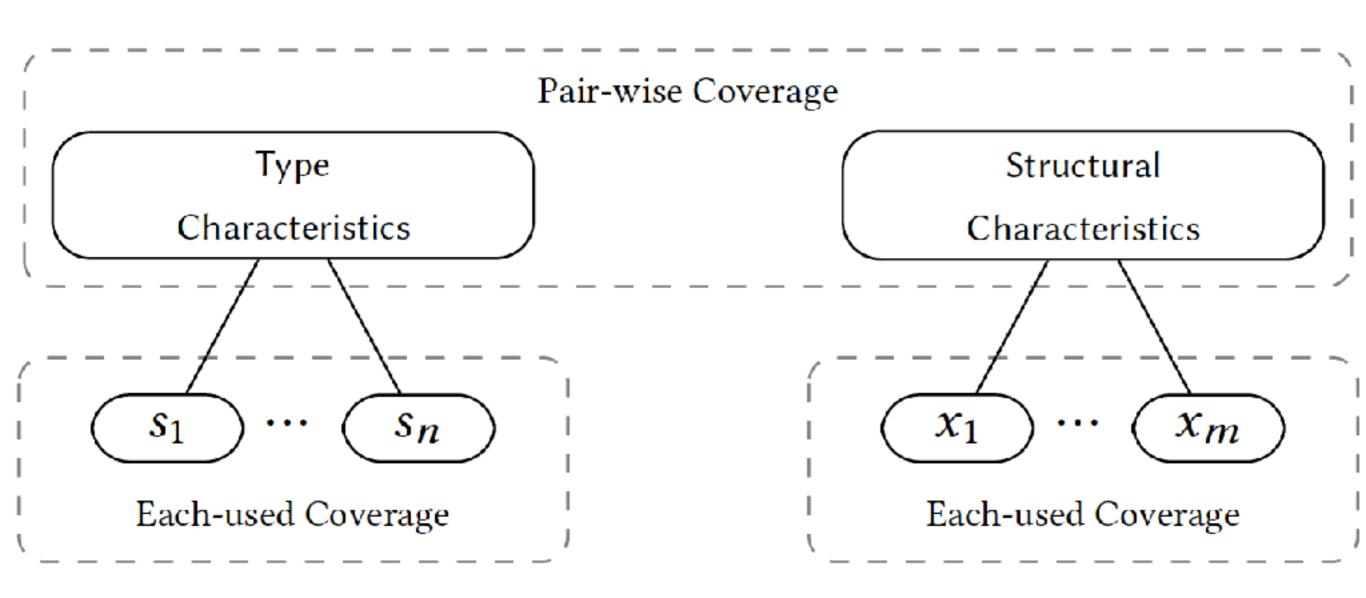


Type Characteristics			Structural Characteristics		
$s_1$	•••	$s_n$	$n_1$	•••	$n_m$
Undefined		Undefined	True		True
Null		Null	False		False
Boolean		Boolean			
Number		Number			
String		String			
Object		Object			
Function		Function			

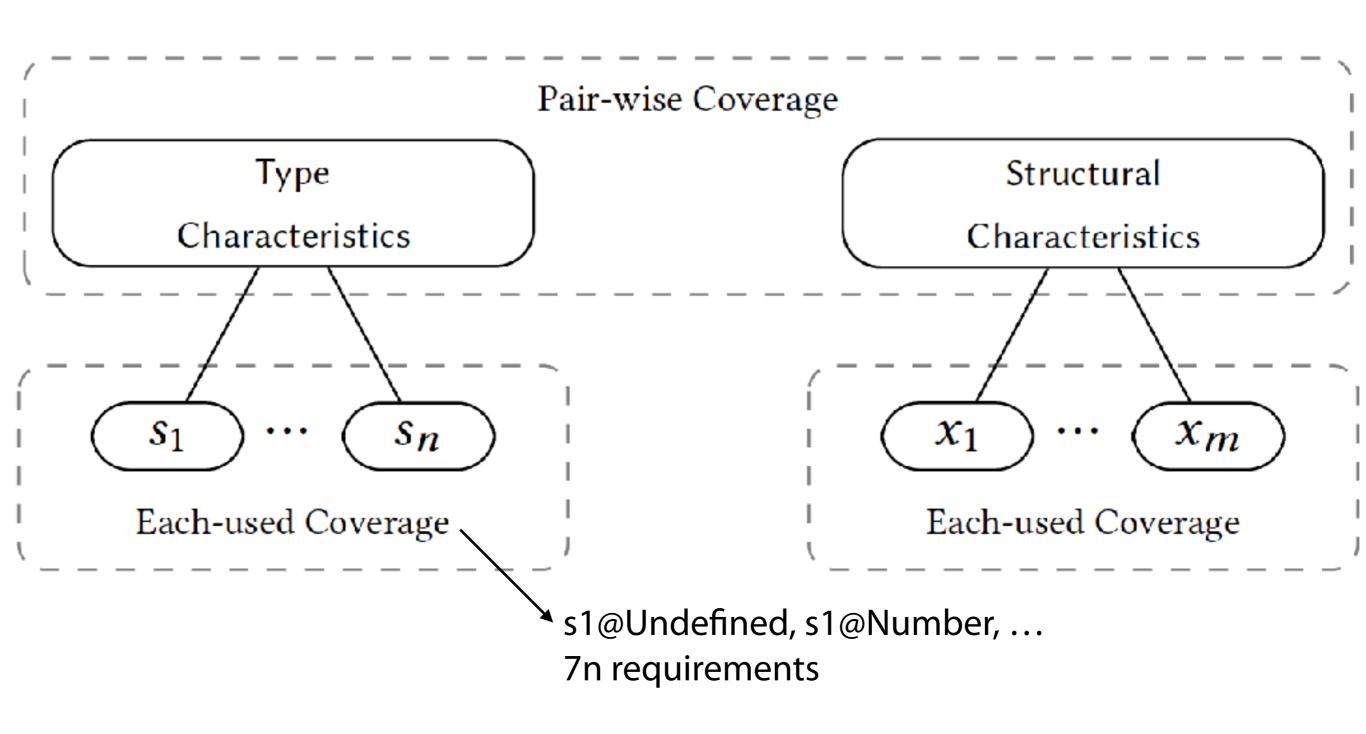
s: symbolic variable

n: branch

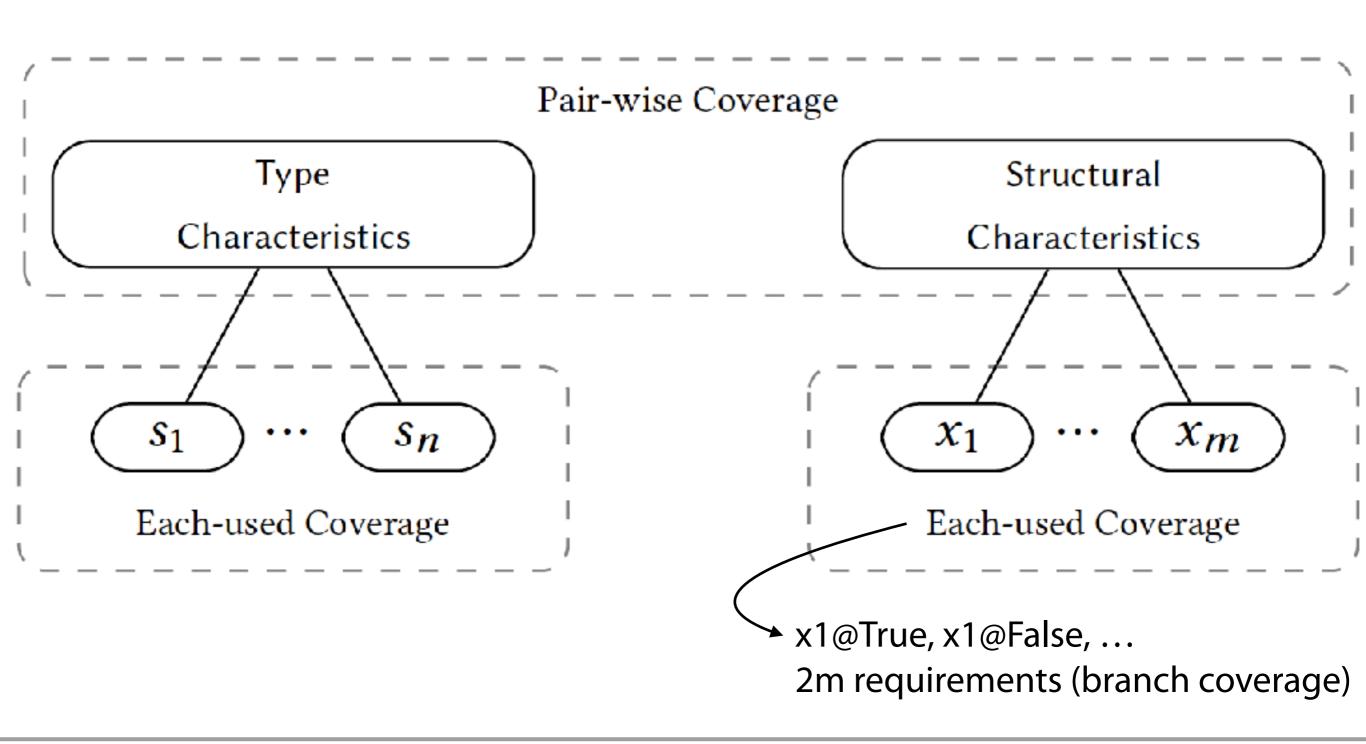








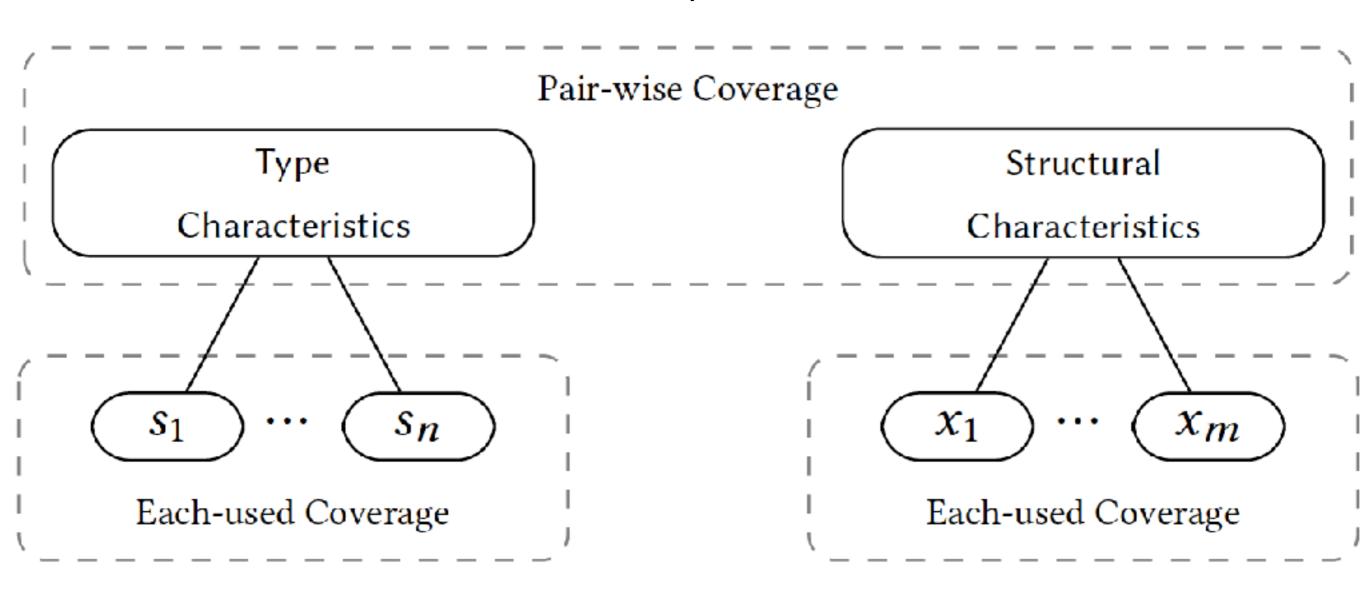




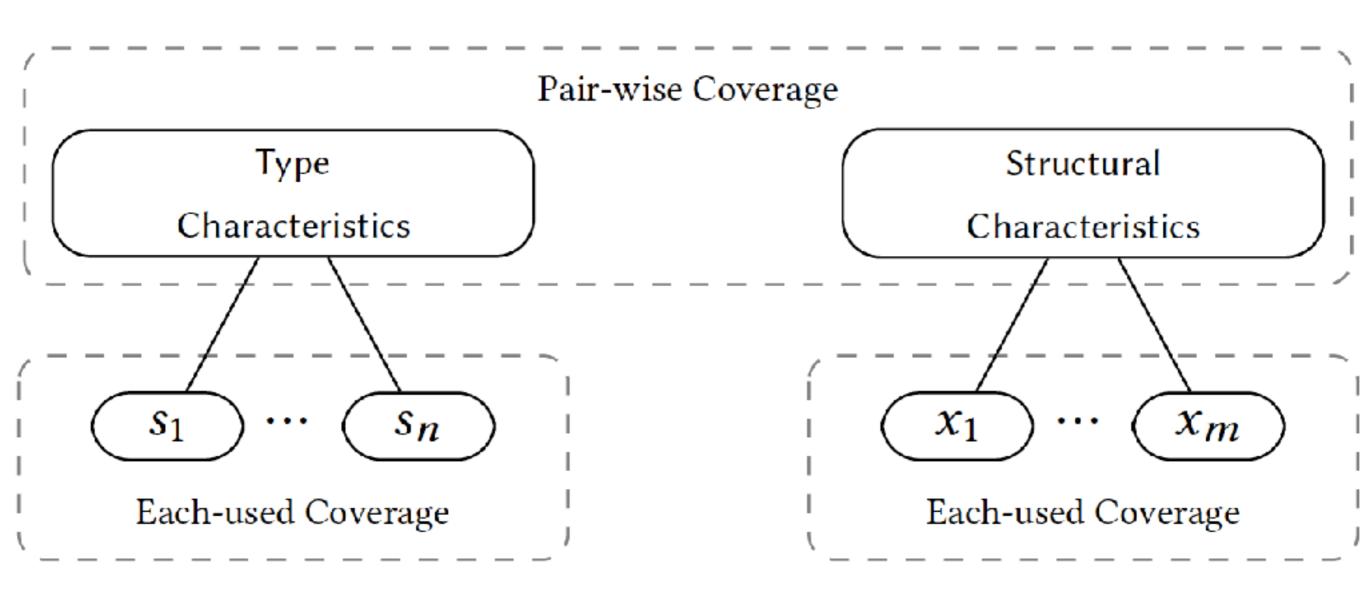


Pair-wise: (s1@Undefined, x1@True), (s1@Number, x1@True), ...

14nm requirements







Total O(nm) requirements



## Type-guided Search

- Search space
  - = (type space)  $\times$  (structural space)
- Type-guided Search: two-phased search
  - 1) Selecting type
    - Fixed type combination
  - 2) Selecting structural point
    - Constraint solving for fixed types
    - Traditional strategies



# Implementation

- 1) Selecting type
  - Type space
    - AllTypes: all possible types of symbolic variables
    - Expected: only used types analyzed by a whole program static analysis
  - Type selection Pair-wise selection algorithm
- 2) Branch selection CarFast: Prioritized greedy strategy

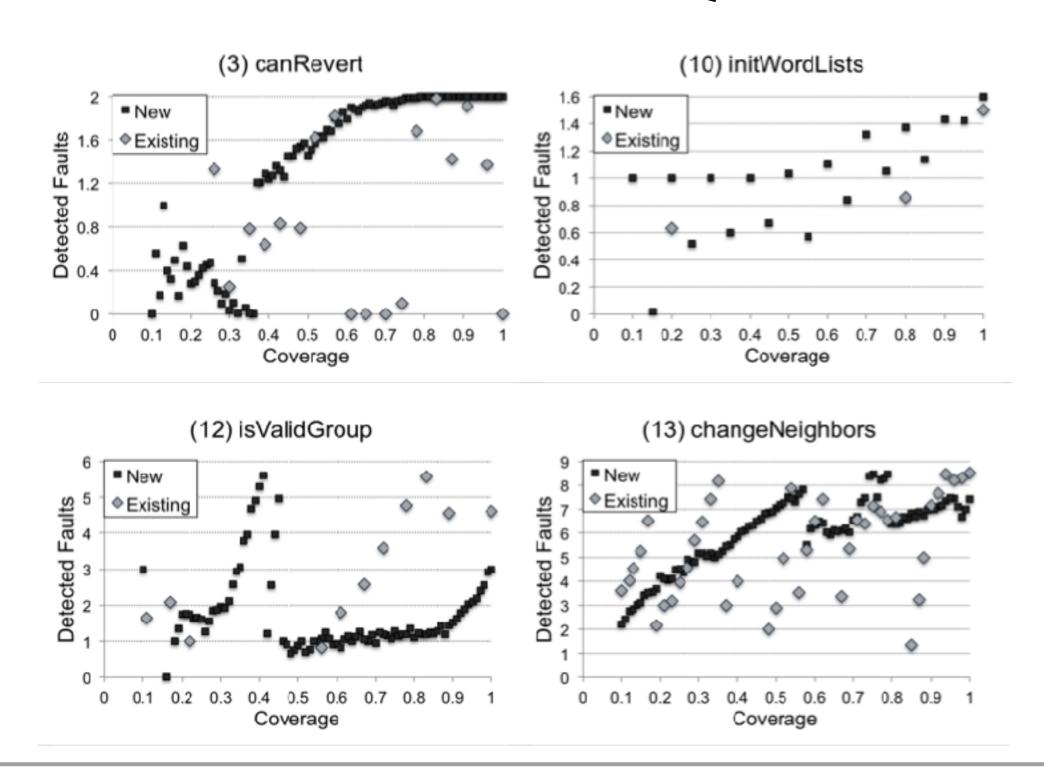


#### Evaluation

- RQ1. Coverage Metric
   Fault Detect Capability: Given a target coverage goal, how many faults are detected in different coverage metrics?
- RQ2. Search Strategy
   Program Characteristic: Which type-guided search strategy achieves higher coverage in what programs?

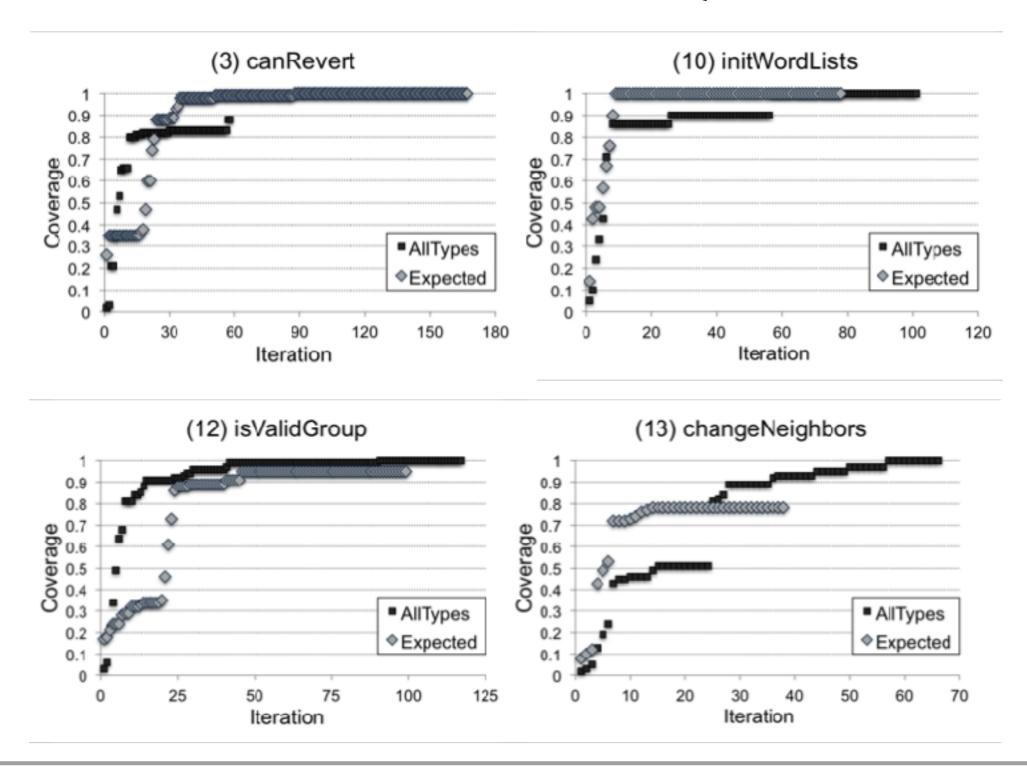


## Result: RQ1





## Result: RQ2



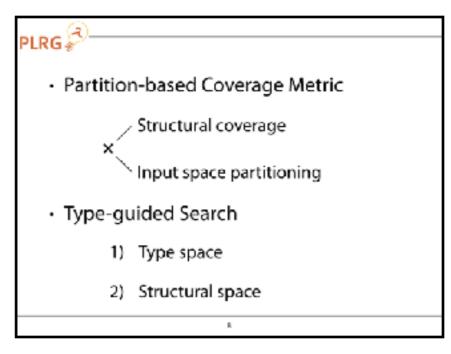


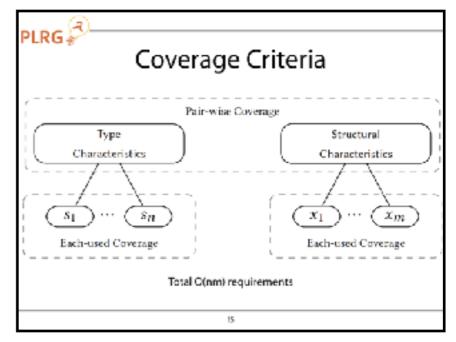
#### Conclusion

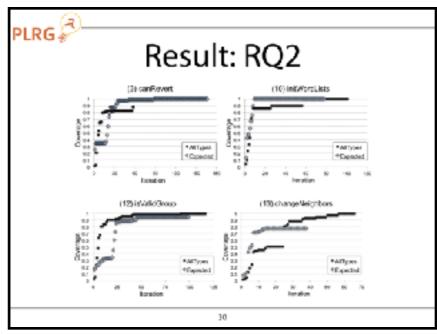
- Challenges of JavaScript concolic testing
  - Type-related test requirements
  - Searching for all possible types
- Partition-based coverage metrics
- Type-guided search
- Further research opportunities
  - Advanced search strategies
  - Type constraint generating/solving

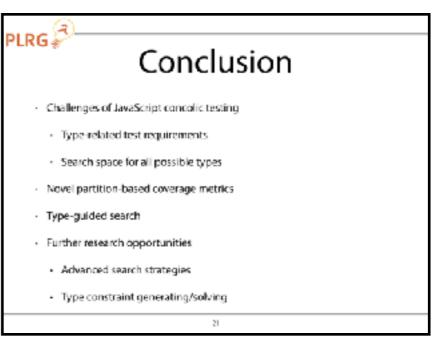


## Q&A











# Appendix



- Test requirements
  - Compiled languages: structural requirements (+ compile-time checking)
  - Interpreted languages: structural requirements
- Input space of symbolic variables
  - Statically typed languages
    - A language restricts types of symbolic variables.
  - Dynamically typed language
    - A tester fixes types of symbolic variables.



- Test requirements
  - Compiled languages
  - Interpreted languages
- Input space of symbolic variables
  - Statically typed languages
  - Dynamically typed language

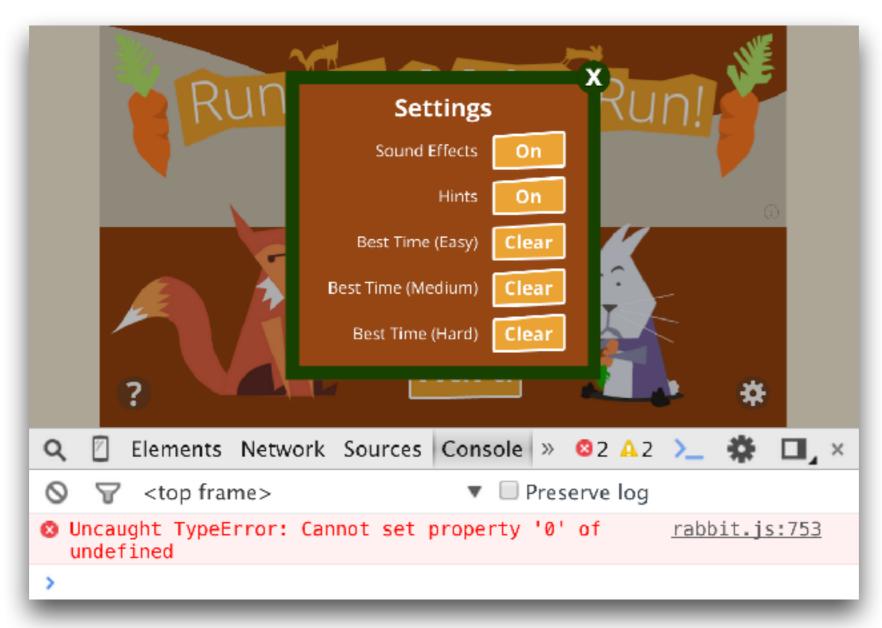


- Test requirements
  - Compiled languages
    - Passing compile-time checks (implicitly included)
    - Structural requirements
  - Interpreted languages
    - (No compile-time checking)
    - Structural requirements



- Input space of symbolic variables
  - Statically typed languages
    - A language restricts types of symbolic variables.
  - Dynamically typed language
    - A tester fixes types of symbolic variables.
    - Types does not prune input spaces.





An uncaught TypeError on RunRabbitRun